

THE EVENT OF THE CURRENT CONTROLNO. 2.
The maximum number of points is 20

Algorithm for conducting a "control point" in the Moodle educational environment, three tasks are provided for each student, using a random distribution method from the uploaded task database (attached):

1. Test task 12 tests – 6 points;
2. Calculation tasks-1 task – 8 points;
3. Control questions-2 questions – 6 points.

TASK DATABASES

1. Test tasks:

19. Material costs per unit cost of medical services are:

- a) material consumption;
- b) Fund intensity;
- C) return on funds;
- d) labor productivity;
- e) salary capacity.

20. an Indicator that reflects the volume of medical services per health worker is:

- a) labor productivity;
- b) Fund intensity;
- C) return on funds;
- d) salary capacity;
- e) material consumption.

21. what is the type of food costs for patients of a medical organization in the estimate of the cost of medical services?

- a) direct variable costs;
- b) variable costs;
- C) direct costs;
- d) indirect expenses;
- e) fixed costs.

22. what type of expenses for the purchase of medicines of a medical organization in the estimate of the cost of medical services:

- a) direct variable costs;
- b) indirect expenses;
- C) fixed costs;
- d) variable costs;
- e) direct costs.

23. how does the profitability of self-supporting activities of a healthcare institution affect the volume of paid medical services?

- a) when the volume of paid medical services increases, all other things being equal, their profitability increases;
- b) if the volume of paid medical services increases, all other things being equal, their profitability will fluctuate;
- C) when the volume of paid medical services increases, all other things being equal, their profitability decreases;
- d) when the volume of paid medical services increases, other things being equal, their profitability does not change;
- e) does not depend.

24. What does not apply to the main goals of the introduction of clinical and statistical groups in the Russian Federation:

- a) regulation of expenses of a medical organization;
- b) improving the fairness of the hospital funding system, which consists of higher payments for more services rendered and more complex and severe cases
- C) improving the efficiency of inpatient care by minimizing incentives to unnecessarily lengthen treatment periods, maintaining an inefficiently functioning bed Fund, and creating incentives to improve patient routing;
- d) using modern diagnostic and treatment technologies, improving the range of services provided and optimizing the profile of beds.
- e) unification of payment methods and tariffs for medical care throughout the Russian Federation;

2. Calculation tasks:

1. In a medical organization in the first Department, the time spent on providing one service was 2 man-hours, in the second - 1.5 man-hours. The number of services provided during the week was 24 and 18, respectively. Determine the average time spent on providing a single service.

3. Security questions

- 1. Advantages and disadvantages of various payment methods for outpatient care.
- 2. Expenses of a medical organization directly related to the provision of medical care (medical services) included in the calculation of tariffs.